Complexity in Air Traffic Management

S. Puechmorel, D. Delahaye and N. Dougui

ENAC

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S. Puechmorel, D. Delahaye and N. Dougui (Complexity in Air Traffic Management

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Trends

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- Trajectory based air traffic management.
- Introduction of decision support tools / automated conflict solvers.

Workload

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- Increases with :
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 - interdependence of conflicts.
- Relevant in an highly automated ATM system.

Air traffic complexity uses

Airspace design

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• Airspace comparison (US-Europe)

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- Forecasting of potentially hazardous traffic situations.
- Automated Conflict Solver enhancement (robustness of the solution).

Intrinsic part of complexity



Defining complexity

Air Traffic Model

• Consider aircraft as particles moving in a velocity field.

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Lyapunov exponents

• Measure of sensitivity to initial conditions.

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- A complexity map is produced.
- A relation exists with the minimal amount of information needed to organize the traffic

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Interpolation criterion

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- Insure that interpolating field is relevant for ATM.

Interpolation criterion

- Let $(t_i, x_i, v_i)_{i=1...N}$ be the measured positions and velocities at given times.
- The interpolating field X must satisfy : $X(t_i, x_i) = v_i, i = 1 \dots N$.

• Velocity at a given point has to be close to the mean velocities of its neighbors (coherence).

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Functional criterion

$$\int \int \|\Delta X(x,t)\|^2 + \mu \|\frac{\partial X}{\partial t}(x,t)\|^2 dx dt$$

where $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ controls the relative importance of both smoothness requirements.

Original problem

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• Solution is a sum of singular radial basis kernels :

$$p(t,x) = \frac{1}{\|x\|} \operatorname{erf}\left(\mu^{1/4} \frac{\|x\|}{2\sqrt{|t|}}\right)$$

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Modified problem

• Interpolation condition is relaxed :

$$rac{1}{(2\pi\sigma)^{3/2}}\int_{\mathbb{R}^3}e^{-rac{\|x-x_i\|^2}{2\sigma^2}}X(t,x)dx=v_i$$

Modified problem solution

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• Optimal interpolating field is :

$$X(t,x) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \lambda_i p(t-t_i, x-x_i) + Ax + b$$

with $\lambda_i, b \in \mathbb{R}^3$ and A a 3 × 3 matrix.

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• Coefficients λ_i , A, b are obtained by solving a linear system.

Example



Figure: Complexity map produced over France

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Future work

- Investigate fast multipole algorithms.
- Introduce tensor-product splines.